Candidates must write the Code on the title page of the answer-book.

- कृपया जाँच कर लें कि इस प्रश्न-पत्र में मुद्रित पृष्ठ 8 + 2 मानचित्र हैं ।
- प्रश्न-पत्र में दाहिने हाथ की ओर दिए गए कोड नम्बर को छात्र उत्तर-पुस्तिका के मुख-पृष्ठ पर लिखें ।
- कृपया जाँच कर लें कि इस प्रश्न-पत्र में 30 प्रश्न हैं ।
- कृपया प्रश्न का उत्तर लिखना शुरू करने से पहले, प्रश्न का क्रमांक अवश्य लिखें ।
- इस प्रश्न-पत्र को पढ़ने के लिए 15 मिनट का समय दिया गया है । प्रश्न-पत्र का वितरण पूर्वांत में 10.15 बजे किया जाएगा । 10.15 बजे से 10.30 बजे तक छात्र केवल प्रश्न-पत्र को पढ़ेंगे और इस अवधि के दौरान वे उत्तर-पुस्तिका पर कोई उत्तर नहीं लिखेंगे ।
- Please check that this question paper contains 8 printed pages + 2 Maps.
- Code number given on the right hand side of the question paper should be written on the title page of the answer-book by the candidate.
- Please check that this question paper contains 30 questions.
- Please write down the Serial Number of the question before attempting it.
- 15 minute time has been allotted to read this question paper. The question paper will be distributed at 10.15 a.m. From 10.15 a.m. to 10.30 a.m., the students will read the question paper only and will not write any answer on the answer-book during this period.

संकलित परीक्षा – II
SUMMATIVE ASSESSMENT – II
सामाजिक विज्ञान
SOCIAL SCIENCE

निर्धारित समय : 3 घण्टे
Time allowed : 3 hours
General Instructions:

(i) The question paper has 30 questions in all. All questions are compulsory.

(ii) Marks are indicated against each question.

(iii) Questions from serial number 1 to 8 are Very Short Answer Questions. Each question carries 1 mark.

(iv) Questions from serial number 9 to 20 are 3 marks questions. Answers of these questions should not exceed 80 words each.

(v) Questions from serial number 21 to 28 are 5 marks questions. Answers of these questions should not exceed 100 words each.

(vi) Question number 29 and 30 are map questions of 3 marks each from History and Geography both. After completion, attach the maps inside your answer-book..
1. Suppose your parents want to purchase Gold jewellery along with you; then which logo will you look for on the jewellery?

2. ‘राष्ट्रीय विनिर्माण प्रतिस्पर्धा परिषद्’ की स्थापना क्यों की गई है?
   Why has the ‘National Manufacturing Competitiveness Council’ been set up?

3. भारतीय जनता पार्टी का मुख्य प्रेरक सिद्धान्त क्या है?
   What is the guiding philosophy of Bharatiya Janata Party?

4. विनियम की प्रक्रिया में मुद्रा किस प्रकार माध्यम का काम करती है?
   How does money act as a medium of exchange?

5. आप यह कैसे कह सकते हैं कि लोकतंत्रिक व्यवस्थाएँ राजनीतिक समानता पर आधारित होती हैं?
   How can you say that democracies are based on political equality?

6. व्यापार अवरोधक से क्या अभिव्यक्ति है?
   What is meant by trade barrier?

7. राजनीतिक दलों में पक्षपात क्यों विकसित होता है?
   Why do political parties involve partisanship?

8. फ्रान्सीसी क्रांतिकारियों का मुख्य उद्देश्य क्या था?
   अथवा
   यातना शिविरों का क्या अर्थ है?
   What was the main aim of the French revolutionaries?
   OR
   What is the meaning of concentration camps?
9. Explain with an example how you can use the right to seek redressal.

10. Describe the spread of Non-Cooperation Movement in the countryside.

11. “Foreign trade integrates the markets in different countries.” Support the statement with arguments.

12. Describe any three features of waterways in India.

13. Why is modern currency accepted as a medium of exchange without any use of its own? Find out the reason.

14. “A challenge is an opportunity for progress.” Support the statement with your arguments.

15. How do money and muscle power play an important role in elections? Explain.


OR


18. Why has the ‘Chhotanagpur Plateau Region’ the maximum concentration of iron and steel industries? Analyse the reasons.

19. How can solar energy solve the energy problem to some extent in India? Give your opinion.

20. How is democracy accountable and responsive to the needs and expectations of the citizens? Analyse.

21. “Globalisation and greater competition among producers has been advantageous to consumers.” Support the statement with examples.

22. Explain any five major problems posed by the First World War in India.

23. Why was the cotton textile industry concentrated in the cotton growing belt in the early years? Explain.
24. How do banks play an important role in the economy of India? Explain.

25. Which is the most abundantly available fossil fuel in India? Assess the importance of its different forms.

26. “The democracy has been evolved through struggles and movements all over the world.” Support the statement with examples.

27. What is meant by a political party? Describe the three components of a political party.

28. Describe any five steps taken by the French Revolutionaries to create a sense of collective identity among the French people.

OR

Describe any five steps taken by the French for the development of the ‘Mekong Delta Region’.
29. Three features A, B and C are marked on the given political outline map of India (on page 9). Identify these features with the help of the following information and write their correct names on the lines marked in the map:

A. The place where the Indian National Congress Session was held.
B. The place associated with the Peasant’s Satyagraha.
C. The place related to calling off the Non-Cooperation Movement.

Note: The following questions are for the Visually Impaired Candidates only, in lieu of Q. No. 29:

(29.1) Name the place where the Indian National Congress Session was held in December 1920.

(29.2) Name the place associated with the movement of Indigo Planters.

(29.3) Name the place related to the Satyagraha of peasants in Gujarat.
30. (30.1) दो लक्षण A और B, भारत के दिए गए राजनीतिक रेखा-मानचित्र (पृष्ठ 11 पर),
में अंकित किए गए हैं। इन लक्षणों को निम्नलिखित जानकारी की सहायता से
पहचानिए और उनके सही नाम, मानचित्र पर खींची गई रेखाओं पर लिखिए: 2×1=2
A. लौह-अयस्क खानें
B. पूर्व-पश्चिम गलियारे का सिरे का स्टेशन

(30.2) निम्नलिखित को भारत के इसी राजनीतिक रेखा-मानचित्र पर दर्शाइए और उसका
नाम लिखिए:
विशाखपट्टनम — सॉफ्टवेयर प्रौद्योगिकी पार्क

(30.1) Two features A and B are marked on the given political outline
map of India (on page 11). Identify these features with the help
of the following information and write their correct names on
the lines marked in the map:
A. Iron-ore mines
B. Terminal Station of East-West Corridor

(30.2) On the same political outline map of India, locate and label the
following:
Vishakhapatnam — Software Technology Park

नोट : निम्नलिखित प्रश्न केवल दृष्टिबाधित परीक्षार्थियों के लिए प्रश्न संख्या 30 के स्थान पर
हैं:
Note: The following questions are for the Visually Impaired Candidates
only, in lieu of Q. No. 30:

(30.1) बेलादिला लौह-अयस्क खानें किस राज्य में स्थित हैं?
(30.2) पूर्व-पश्चिम गलियारे के पश्चिमी सिरे के स्टेशन का नाम लिखिए।
(30.3) कर्नाटक राज्य में स्थित प्रसिद्ध सॉफ्टवेयर प्रौद्योगिकी पार्क का नाम लिखिए। 3×1=3
(30.1) In which state are Bailadila Iron-ore mines located?
(30.2) Name the Western Terminal Station of East-West Corridor.
(30.3) Name the well-known Software Technology Park located in
Karnataka State.
For question no. 29

भारत का रेखा-मानचित्र (राजनीतिक)

Outline Map of India (Political)
Outline Map of India (Political)